

MAMMAL REMAINS

Unique ID: MAS-100017

Object type certainty: Certain

Workflow status: Published

This cattle mandible, or lower jaw, is comprised of two incomplete sections; cattle mandibles are rarely encountered in the archaeological record as conjoined pairs (Zhang et al. 2013). The smaller piece is an incomplete section featuring both pre-molars and molars. The larger piece is fairly complete, with the exception of teeth, extending all the way to the part in which the incisors and canines would be located. This front section is separated from the molar and pre-molar root holes by the diastema.

Providing a relative date for this cattle mandible is challenging without further examination.

Notes:

Cattle are arguably the most important species of livestock - providing products such as meat, milk and leather; and strength for agricultural tasks (e.g. ploughing) (Zhang et al. 2013). The domestication of cattle (*Bos spp*) is generally accepted to have occurred around 10,500 years ago in the Near East (Zhang et al. 2013). Cattle dentition is an important archaeological signature of ancient cattle husbandry, as dentition varies between individual cattle due to genetics, diet and the geographical location in which they were raised. The age of an animal at death can also be determined by the stage of dental development and the wear of the mandibular teeth (McGrory et al. 2012: 3224).

Class: Ecofacts **Sub class:** Vertebrate remains

Subsequent actions

Current location of find: In situ

Subsequent action after recording: Submitted as wreck to the Receiver of Wreck

Chronology

Broad period: UNKNOWN

Period from: MEDIEVAL

Period to: MODERN

Dimensions and weight

Quantity: 2

Discovery dates

Date(s) of discovery: Monday 17th October 2016

Personal details

Found by: This information is restricted for your login.

Recorded by: M F

Identified by: A BB

Secondary identifier: L H

Materials and construction

Primary material: Animal skeletal material

Completeness: Incomplete

Spatial metadata

County or Unitary authority: [Essex](#) (County)

Spatial coordinates

4 Figure: TQ8182

Four figure Latitude: 51.50793861

Four figure longitude: 0.60677648

1:25K map: TQ8182

1:10K map: TQ88SW

Display [four figure position](#) on What3Words

Unmasked grid reference accurate to a 1 metre square.

Discovery metadata

Method of discovery: Coastal walking

Discovery circumstances: Coastal walking

Current location: In situ

General landuse: Coastland

Specific landuse: Inter-tidal

McGrory, S, Svensson, E, Götherström, A, Mulville, J, Powell, A, Collins, M and O'Connor, T, 2012. [A novel method for integrated age and sex determination from archaeological cattle mandibles](#).

Amsterdam : Journal of Archaeological Science, ,